

Unnamed_Database

Brian

COLLABORATORS

	<i>TITLE :</i> Unnamed_Database		
<i>ACTION</i>	<i>NAME</i>	<i>DATE</i>	<i>SIGNATURE</i>
WRITTEN BY	Brian	August 5, 2022	

REVISION HISTORY

NUMBER	DATE	DESCRIPTION	NAME

Contents

1	Unnamed_Database	1
1.1	Web Design 1.4 Documentation	1
1.2	What this program's all about	2
1.3	General Disclaimer	2
1.4	This program is Shareware	2
1.5	Concept for WebDesign	3
1.6	Go Configure	3
1.7	The main program screen	4
1.8	Explanation of program menus	5
1.9	The _Project_ Menu	5
1.10	The _Blocks_ Menu	6
1.11	The _Misc_ Menu	7
1.12	The _Size_ Menu	8
1.13	The _Links_ Menu	8
1.14	The _Tables_ Menu	9
1.15	The _Search_ Menu	10
1.16	The _Info_ Menu	11
1.17	Information about the authors	11
1.18	The _Screen_ Menu	11
1.19	Keyboard Commands	12
1.20	The _Frames_ Menu	15
1.21	Button Commands	16
1.22	HyperText Markup Language	17
1.23	People we want to thank	17
1.24	IFF FTXT	18
1.25	BFont	18
1.26	LFont	18
1.27	Style	19
1.28	Block	19
1.29	Char;	19

1.30 Meta	19
1.31 BText	20
1.32 BGrnd	20
1.33 NLink	20
1.34 VLink	20
1.35 ALink	21
1.36 LText	21
1.37 Form M/A	21
1.38 Input Type	21
1.39 Select	22
1.40 Options	22
1.41 Option/S	22
1.42 Text Area	22
1.43 DefinedList	22
1.44 Term	22
1.45 Define	23
1.46 Term/Define	23
1.47 List Type	23
1.48 List Only	24
1.49 Table	24
1.50 Caption	24
1.51 Row	24
1.52 Header	24
1.53 Data	24
1.54 Headings	25
1.55 ListEntry	25
1.56 New Line	25
1.57 Paragraph	25
1.58 Left	25
1.59 Center	26
1.60 Right	26
1.61 Images	26
1.62 BGImage	26
1.63 HRule	26
1.64 Comment	26
1.65 Template	27
1.66 ImageMap	27
1.67 Index	27
1.68 HTML_Guide.guide	30

Chapter 1

Unnamed_Database

1.1 Web Design 1.4 Documentation

W e b D e s i g n

B y L a r r y M c G a h e y

D o c u m e n t a t i o n b y B r i a n M y e r s

U p d a t e d B y L a r r y M c G a h e y

Introductory

- 1. Program~Information
General program info
- 2. Disclaimer~~~~~
General disclaimer
- 3. Shareware~~~~~
This program is shareware

~~~~~

Program Usage

- 4. Concept~~~~~  
Program
- 5. Main~screen~~~~~  
The main program screen
- 6. The~menus~~~~~  
Description of the menus
- 7.

Keyboard~commands~~  
Keyboard commands

8.

Buttons~~~~~  
Description of the buttons

9.

Go~Configure~~~~~  
Configuration screen

~~~~~  
Closing

The~authors,~with~contact~info

People~we~wish~to~thank~~~~~

Web Design © 1996-1997 Larry McGahey

1.2 What this program's all about

Web Design is a program to make the creation of HTML documents a little easier. This program is ever living ever breathing so please check my home page for updates.

Let me know if you find any problems or have any suggestions.

1.3 General Disclaimer

There are no guarantees of any sort with this program. This program is not guaranteed to do anything at all, positive or negative.

Larry McGahey ("author" or "program author") is absolved of all responsibility if this program causes undesired operation. No responsibility is assumed or implied in the case of data loss or system damage.

1.4 This program is Shareware

WebDesign 1.4 is shareware. This means that you may use the program for free for 30 days before registering. At the end of the 30-day period, you must either register or quit using the program. R i g h t !

Registration makes you feel good about yourself. The program itself is otherwise uncrippled.

Suggested registration is \$20 US and may be sent in the form of check or money order to Larry's snailmail address.

Larry McGahey
 6092 N 8th Street
 Kalamazoo, MI 49009
 USA

Even if you haven't registered feel free to send email with any comments or bug reports.

lmcgahey@net-link.net

1.5 Concept for WebDesign

As stated under
 Program~Info
 , Web Design is a program designed to make
 the creation of
 HTML
 documents a little easier. Using Web Design, you can
 use simple mouse clicks to create full Web pages containing embedded links,
 graphics, tables, forms and frames.

1.6 Go Configure

Go Configure ...

This is where you can configure the default settings for Web Design.
 The settings you enter will be saved.

~~~~~

### Images

Enter the name of your images directory that is in your HTML docs  
 drawer. This will insert the path in your code.

#### Example:

images/myimage.gif

#### Note:

You must use the same directory name on your site and ftp images  
 to that directoy. The name can be anything as long as it is the  
 same name local and remote.

~~~~~

Backgrounds

Enter the name of you background image directory.
 (works the same as Images)

~~~~~

#### Sounds

Enter the name of your sound file directory.  
(works the same as images)

#### Preview Browser

Tell Web Design which browser you intend to use to preview changes to the HTML document you are working on.

You can click one of the three Amiga browser buttons to select your choice of preview browser. If this isn't set Web Design will not know which browser you want to use.

#### Current Browser Path

Tell Web Design where your browser of choice is. If this path isn't set Web Design will not know where your browser is.

#### Note:

It is necessary that you also click the Load Browse button, before you can use the browser for preview, if the browser isn't already running.

#### Current Document Path

Tell Web Design where your HTML documents, images, sounds and backgrounds are stored.

#### Select a screen size to continue

Select a screen size that is as close as possible to the screen size of your Workbench screen. This selection also acts as a continue button.

## 1.7 The main program screen

The main program screen is the interface to Web Design that you ←  
'll see  
most of the time. The screen is organized with the following buttons and gadgets.

#### Close Gadget

Quits the program

#### Resize Gadget

Resizes the window

#### Text Entry Area

This is where you do the editing on your document.

---



### The~Buttons

These buttons allow the insertion of various tags into your document.

## 1.8 Explanation of program menus

~Project

~Blocks~

~Misc~~~

~Size~~~

~Links~~

~Tables~

~Search~

~Info~~~

~Frames~

~Screen~

NOTE: In the descriptions of some of the menu selections, there will be a ↔

capital letter encased in angle brackets ( `[` and ` ]` ). This is the key you press with the RightAmiga key for the keyboard shortcut. Example: New [N] means RightAmiga-N.

NOTE #2: Throughout the menus, references to HTML and HTML tags are included, with little or no explanation as to the effect of the tag. This is because this documentation is not intended to be a guide to HTML. If you want a guide to HTML, consult `HTML_Guide.guide`, or the World Wide Web.

## 1.9 The \_Project\_ Menu

New [N]

Clear the current document and start fresh.

-----

Open [O]

Open an existing document for editing.

Open.html [H]

Same as open, except that the requester shows only files ending in

.html.

Open.htm

Same as open, except that the requester shows only files ending in .htm (for those crippled systems)

Insert [I]

Insert another document at the current cursor location.

Insert.html [L]

Same as insert, except that the requester shows only files ending in .html.

Insert.htm

Same as insert, except that the requester shows only files ending in .htm (for those crippled systems)

Append [K]

Tack on another document at the end of the current document.

-----

Save [S]

Save the current document.

Save as [A]

Save the current document under a different name

Select Save Mode

Select which form the document is saved as, ASCII or  
FTXT  
.

-----

Print File [P]

Send the current document to the printer.

-----

Configure

Takes you back to the Web Design configure screen.

-----

Quit [Q]

Quit the program.

## 1.10 The \_Blocks\_ Menu

Mark [B]

Toggle block select on and off.

Cut [X]

Remove the selected block from the document and place it in

---

the Clipboard.

Copy [C]

Make a copy of the selected block and place it in the Clipboard.

Paste [V]

Insert the contents of the Clipboard at the current cursor location.

-----

Set Cut to Mark....

@REM "Help!"

Set Copy to Mark....

@REM "More help!"

-----

Clear Line [Z]

Clear the current line.

Delete Line [D]

Erase the current line.

Undelete Clear Line

Restore the last cleared line.

-----

Save Block

Write the selected block to a file.

Print Block

Print the currently selected block.

## 1.11 The \_Misc\_ Menu

Banner

Insert a <BANNER>...</BANNER> tag pair around the current line

BGSound

Allows you to select which sound will be played in the background as the page is displayed.

Credit

Insert a <CREDIT>...</CREDIT> tag pair around the current line.

Marquee

Allows you to create a moving text banner. Opens a requester to select the text message, the marquee behavior (sliding or scrolling), and marquee alignment (top, bottom, or middle).

-----

---

### Single Marks

Insert single tags at the cursor position  
like: <CENTER> without </CENTER>

-----

### Template

Insert a template like the program does upon startup. Contains an opening comment, <HTML>, <HEAD>, <TITLE>, and <BODY> tag pairs.

## 1.12 The \_Size\_ Menu

### Big

Select a large typeface.

### Small

Select a small typeface.

## 1.13 The \_Links\_ Menu

### Full URL http://

Creates a link to an HTML document (or other text file) on a remote machine. Text gadgets allow entry of the remote address (site and file name), and comment for the link. You can now save frequently used addresses. Double click address in the saved list to use it.

### Relative URL

Creates a link to an HTML document (or other text file) on your machine. Can also link to another location in the current document. Text gadgets allow entry of the address (file name), and comment for the link. You can now save frequently used addresses. Double click an address from the saved list to use it.

### Anchor Link

Create a LINK for a NAME anchor.

### Anchor Name

Create a NAME anchor.

### ftp://

Establish a file transfer connection to a remote site. Text gadgets allow entry of the address (ftp site), and comment for the link.

### file://

Creates a link to a file on a remote machine. Text gadgets allow entry of the address (site and file name), and comment for the link.

---

**mailto:**

Creates a link to sent Internet mail to an address. Text gadgets allow entry of the address (standard Internet e-mail address), and comment for the link. You can now save frequently used addresses. Double click an address in the list to use it.

**news:**

Allows reading of a Usenet group. Text gadgets allow entry of the newsgroup name, and comment for the link.

**gopher:**

Establish a gopher connection to a remote site. Text gadgets allow entry of the address (gopher site), and comment for the link.

**Telnet:**

Establish a telnet connection with a remote site. Text gadgets allow entry of the address (if there is a port number, use the form telnet://remote.site.name:portnum.

## 1.14 The\_Tables\_Menu

**Table Attributes**

Define the attributes of the table  
(alignment, width and border size)

**Caption Attributes**

Define the attributes of the caption  
(alignment and caption text)

~~~~~

Table Row Attributes

Define the attributes of the table row
(alignment and vertical alignment)

Table Header Attributes

Define the attributes of the table header
(alignment, vertical alignment, number of rows and number of columns)

Table Data Attributes

Define the attributes of the table data
(alignment, vertical alignment, number of rows and number of columns)

~~~~~

**Table Row**

Insert table row tags without attributes

**Table Header**

Insert table header tags without attributes

**Table Data**

Insert table data tags without attributes

## 1.15 The `_Search_Menu`

Find Word [F]

Search for an occurrence of a word.

Find Next [M]

Search for the next occurrence of the string/word.

Find Mode

Wildcard => Search by wildcard.

By Word => Search for a word.

Case Sensitive => Turn on case sensitivity.

Replace Word [R]

Find one word and replace it with another.

-----

Goto Line [G]

Go to a specific line.

Goto Top [[]]

Go to the top of the document.

Goto Bottom [[]]

Go to the bottom of the document.

-----

Set Bookmark

Set 1 => Set the current location as bookmark #1.

Set 2 => Set the current location as bookmark #2.

Set 3 => Set the current location as bookmark #3.

Set 4 => Set the current location as bookmark #4.

Set 5 => Set the current location as bookmark #5.

Goto Bookmark

Goto 1 => Goto bookmark #1.

Goto 2 => Goto bookmark #2.

Goto 3 => Goto bookmark #3.

Goto 4 => Goto bookmark #4.

Goto 5 => Goto bookmark #5.

-----

Page Up [,]

Move up one page in the document.

Page Down [.]

Move one page down in the document.

## 1.16 The \_Info\_ Menu

### Document Size

Shows the size of the available document in number of characters, words, and lines.

### Available Memory

Gives free memory in total, chip, and fast.

## 1.17 Information about the authors

Web Design was written by Larry McGahey.

Original documentation (AmigaGuide) was written by Brian Myers.

This 1.3g update of the documentation written by Larry McGahey.

Larry can be contacted at:

Larry McGahey  
6092 N 8th Street  
Kalamazoo, MI 49009

IRC: yoooper #amiga

E-Mail: [lmcgahey@net-link.net](mailto:lmcgahey@net-link.net)

URL: <http://www.net-link.net/~lmcgahey/>

URL: <http://www.net-link.net/webdesign/>

URL: <http://www.instantkarma.com/>

Brian can be contacted at:

Brian Myers  
1713 Bellevue Loop  
Anchorage, AK 99515

IRC: Imix

E-Mail: [lancelot@spideys.com](mailto:lancelot@spideys.com) (not current)

## 1.18 The \_Screen\_ Menu

640x200

640x256

640x400

640x480

640x512

656x495

676x476

---

800x600

Each menu selection changes the screen resolution appropriately.

## 1.19 Keyboard Commands

For the description of a command, refer to its description in [↔](#)  
the  
menu  
section.

RightAmiga-,  
Page Up

RightAmiga-.  
Page Down

RightAmiga-A  
SaveAs

RightAmiga-B  
Mark Block

RightAmiga-C  
Copy Block

RightAmiga-D  
Delete Line

RightAmiga-F  
Find Word

RightAmiga-G  
Goto Line

RightAmiga-H  
Open.html

RightAmiga-I  
Insert

RightAmiga-K  
Append

RightAmiga-L  
Insert.html

RightAmiga-M  
Find Next

RightAmiga-N  
New

RightAmiga-O  
Open

---



---

RightAmiga-P  
Print

RightAmiga-Q  
Quit

RightAmiga-R  
Replace Word

RightAmiga-S  
Save

RightAmiga-T  
Inserts the html template

RightAmiga-V  
Paste Block

RightAmiga-X  
Cut Block

RightAmiga-Z  
Clear Line

RightAmiga-[  
Goto Top

RightAmiga-]  
Goto Bottom

RightAmiga-1  
Table with attributes

RightAmiga-2  
Table caption with attributes

RightAmiga-3  
Table row with attributes

RightAmiga-4  
Table header cell with attributes

RightAmiga-5  
Table data cell with attributes

RightAmiga-6  
Table row simple

RightAmiga-7  
Table header simple

RightAmiga-8  
Table data simple

F1  
Insert Line Break (<BR>)

---

---

F2  
Insert Paragraph Break (<P>)

F3  
Insert List Entry Tag (<LI>)

F4  
Insert Horizontal Rule (<HR>)

F5  
Web Design screen to back

F6  
Same as Preview button

F7  
Flip from browser to Web Design

F9  
Insert blank line above current line

F10  
Insert blank line below current line

Alt-LeftArrow  
Goto start of word

Alt-RightArrow  
Goto end of word

Shift-LeftArrow  
Goto start of previous word

Shift-RightArrow  
Goto start of next word

Ctrl-LeftArrow  
Goto beginning of line

Ctrl-RightArrow  
Goto end of line

Ctrl-Space  
Insert the character entity for SPACE

Ctrl-q  
Insert the character entity for "

Ctrl-c  
Insert the character entity for ©

---

## 1.20 The\_Frames\_Menu

### Frame Template

Creates a template for editing a frames document.

#### Note:

The frame tags replace the <BODY> and </BODY> tags.  
Also no frame tags are included so you can have a link to your no frames version of you home page.

~~~~~

FRAMESET COLS

Set number and size of a frame document's vertical columns.

This example would create 3 columns.

```
<FRAMESET COLS="100,50%,*">
```

100 pixels,50% of screen width,remaining space

FRAMESET ROWS

Set number and size of a frame documents horizontal rows.

```
<FRAMESET ROWS="*,*,*">
```

This example would create 3 equal size horizontal rows.

~~~~~

### <FRAMESET>

Starts a Frame block (replaces <BODY> tag)

### </FRAMESET>

Ends a Frame block (replaces </BODY>)

### <NOFRAME>

Starts a no frame block.

### </NOFRAME>

Ends a no frame block.

#### Note:

It is important to have a NOFRAME block so browsers that do not support frames will not show a blank page. Instead you can link to a no frames version of your home page. If you use the frame template the NOFRAME tags will be included.

~~~~~

Frame Definition

The <FRAME> tag is used to associate an HTML document with each frame. <FRAME SRC="document URL"> is the form used.

Control Attributes for the <FRAME> tag:

```
TARGET          Set the link window for a document
NAME            Point to a frame in the current frameset
SCROLLING       AUTO (default)
SCROLLING       NO
SCROLLING       YES
NORESIZE        OFF (default)
MARGINHEIGHT    (pixels)
MARGINWIDTH     (pixels)
```

~~~~~

BASE TARGET  
Set the global link window for a document.

Example:

```
<HEAD>          <BASE TARGET="_top">          </HEAD>
```

## 1.21 Button Commands

The buttons on the main program screen are arranged in seven columns. ←  
The functions of the buttons are as follows.

```
~BFont~
~BText~
~Form~M/A~~~
~DefinedList~
~Table~~~~~
~ListEntry~
~Images~~~

~LFont~
~BGrnd~
~Input~Type~
~Term~~~~~
~Caption~~
~LineBreak~
~BGImage~~

~Style~
~NLink~
~Select~~~~~
~Define~~~~~
~Row~~~~~
```

```
~Paragraph~
~HRule~~~~

~Block~
~VLink~
~Options~~~~
~Term/Define~
~Header~~~
~Left~~~~~
~Comment~~

~Char;~
~ALink~
~Option/S~~~
~List~Type~~~
~Data~~~~~
~Center~~~~
~Template~

~Meta~~
~LText~
~Text~Area~~
~List~Only~~~
~Headings~
~Right~~~~~
~Preview~~
```

## 1.22 HyperText Markup Language

HTML (or HyperText Markup Language) is the language of the ↔  
World Wide

Web. HTML is based on SGML (Standardized General Markup Language). HTML allows you to compose ASCII hypertext documents that can, in either text or graphical form, combine text, pictures, sounds, animation, links to other documents on your machine, links to pages on other machines, and links to other Internet services (such as telnet, gopher, ftp, usenet news, etc.). A much better description of HTML, as well as a comprehensive guide to all current HTML 3.0 codes, can be found in the file

```
HTML_Guide.guide
, available
```

on Aminet and also included in this archive.

## 1.23 People we want to thank

Larry wishes to thank...

- \* Laura "she's the best" Bird for endless understanding and support.
- \* Chet Wisniewski of DC Productions for bringing my A4000'040 back from the grave and keeping it going ever since.
- \* Brian Myers, for the original version of the docs.

- \* Tim Martin and Eddie "Obi Wan" Churchill for being there when they could be.

Brian wishes to thank...

- \* Theresa, for endless love and support; and also for her endlessly helpful editing input.
- \* Peter, for listening to me whine about my old shitty life and my current shitty job :).
- \* My brother, for ?????? :)
- \* My parents, for me :)

## 1.24 IFF FTXT

FTXT (or IFF FTXT) is the standard text-graphics format that most Amiga word processing programs can load and save in.

## 1.25 BFont

Set the font size for the BODY of the document.

## 1.26 LFont

Sets the font size for the current line only.

Note:

It is no longer necessary to delete previous settings because Web Design can now update settings.

Hint:

If you want a different size font for several lines you can remove the </FONT> mark from the end of the current line and place </FONT> at the end of the area that you would like the custom size font.

Some browsers may not support this.

---

## 1.27 Style

Allows you to set the text style.

Styles such as BOLD UNDERLINE ITALIC EMPHASIZE.

Hint:

Web Design will place these marks around existing text or you can type text into the box of the requester that opens when you click this button.

Typing text in the box allows you to insert different style text in the middle of a sentence.

## 1.28 Block

This sets the text attribute for an area of text.

## 1.29 Char;

Insert character entity.

Example:

If you select the " character, &quot; will be typed into the document.

This method of handling the Latin-1 set of printing characters is to compensate for keyboards that do not have the character.

Note:

To insert multiple space characters you can also use Ctrl-Space.

## 1.30 Meta

This lets you easily insert a description and keywords for your page.

---

These will not appear in the browser but will be read during a search.

The Meta lines should be place between the <HEAD> and </HEAD> tags of your document.

### **1.31 BText**

Set the text color for the document.

Note:

It is no longer necessary to delete previous settings because Web Design can now update current settings.

You must have your Workbench set at 8 colors or greater for this to work.

### **1.32 BGrnd**

Set the background color for the document.

Note:

It is no longer necessary to delete previous settings because Web Design can now update settings.

You must have your Workbench set at 8 colors or greater for this to work.

### **1.33 NLink**

Set the text color for links that have not yet been visted.

Note:

It is no longer necessary to delete previous settings because Web Design can now update settings.

You must have your Workbench set at 8 colors or greater for this to work.

### **1.34 VLink**

---



Set the text color for links that have been visted.

Note:

It is no longer necessary to delete previous settings because Web Design can now update settings.

You must have your browser set at 8 colors or greater for this to work.

### **1.35 ALink**

Sets text color for a link during the time the hypertext is being clicked.

Note:

It is no longer necessary to delete previous settings because Web Design can now update settings.

You must have your browser set at 8 colors or greater for this to work.

### **1.36 LText**

Set the text color for only the line the cursor is currently on.

Note:

It is no longer necessary to delete previous settings because Web Design can now update settings.

You must have your browser set at 8 colors or greater for this to work.

### **1.37 Form M/A**

Define method (POST or GET) and action (cgi-bin, mailto) for a form.

### **1.38 Input Type**

Define the input type (TEXT, CHECKBOX, RADIO, HIDDEN, SUBMIT or RESET) name, value, size, maxlength and initial checked/unchecked.

---

### 1.39 Select

Create a list of options that may be selected.

### 1.40 Options

Create a list of options for the SELECT function.

### 1.41 Option/S

Create a pre-selected OPTION for the SELECT function.

### 1.42 Text Area

Create a TEXTAREA input field in which the user can type.

Attributes include comment, name of the text area, number of rows, and number (in characters) of columns.

### 1.43 DefinedList

Create the tags for a glossary or Definition List.

Example:

```
<DL> (opening defined list)
<DT>A term
<DD>That terms definition
</DL> (closing defined list)
```

### 1.44 Term

Create a term for a glossary/definition list.

Example:

```
<DL>
```

---

```
<DT>Time (term)
<DD>Time flies like an arrow but fruit flies like a banana. (definition)
</DL>
```

## 1.45 Define

Create a definition for a glossary/definition list.

Example:

```
<DL>
<DT>Time (term)
<DD>Time flies like an arrow but fruit flies like a banana. (definition)
</D>
```

## 1.46 Term/Define

This function allows you to easily create a list of terms and definitions.

This function does not create the <DL> and </DL> tags that must be present.

## 1.47 List Type

Ordered List:

Default = standard style ordered list

Small Letters = ordered list using small letters

Capital Letters = ordered list using uppercase letters

Small Roman = ordered list in the Roman Small font

Large Roman = ordered list in Roman Large font

Unordered/Bullet List:

Default = standard style bullet list

---

Disk = bullet list using disks for the bullet icon

Circle = bullet list using circles for the bullet icon

Square = bullet list using squares for the bullet icon

The <LI> or List Entry tag will be added automatically if you choose to list items in the boxes.

## 1.48 List Only

Use this function to add more items to an ordered or unordered list that is already started.

The <UL></UL> or <OL></OL> tags will not be added.

Only the <LI> or List Entry tag will be added.

## 1.49 Table

Create the TABLE tag with attributes.

## 1.50 Caption

Create a CAPTION to indicate what the table is about.

## 1.51 Row

Indicate a TABLE row.

## 1.52 Header

TABLE headings label rows and columns.

## 1.53 Data

TABLE data are the values of the TABLE.

---

## 1.54 Headings

Either create a heading with justify and font size attributes by typing the heading in the box or leave the box empty to put the heading tags around existing text.

## 1.55 ListEntry

Insert the <LI> or List Entry tag in ordered or unordered lists.

Note:

This tag can also be inserted by pressing the F3 key.

## 1.56 New Line

Insert the <BR> or Line Break tag.

Attributes to stop text wrapping:

CLEAR=LEFT, CLEAR=ALL, CLEAR=RIGHT

Leave the boxes blank for a simple Line Break. <BR>

Note:

The basic <BR> tag can also be inserted by pressing the F1 key.

## 1.57 Paragraph

Insert the <P> or PARAGRAPH tag.

Note:

This tag can also be inserted by pressing the F2 key.

## 1.58 Left

LEFT justify.

---

## 1.59 Center

CENTER justify.

## 1.60 Right

RIGHT justify.

## 1.61 Images

Indicate an image to placed in the document.

Include attributes like BORDER size, ALT name, vertical spacing, horizontal spacing.

In most cases you may preview the image.

## 1.62 BGIimage

Indicate a background image for the document.

In most cases you can preview the image.

## 1.63 HRule

Insert a <HR> or horizontal rule tag.

You can select justification, horizontal size in pixels or percentage, vertical size, shading on or off.

If you only want a simple horizontal rule leave the boxes empty.

Note:

This tag may also be inserted by pressing the F4 key.

Some of these attributes may not be supported by all browsers.

## 1.64 Comment

---

Insert a comment into the document that will not be shown by the browser.

This can be used for reminders etc.

## 1.65 Template

Insert a new template with the required tags for an html document.

This is the same template that appears when you first open

Web Design.

## 1.66 ImageMap

Click to auto load the current html document into a selected browser to preview.

The preview saves the document as a temporary file so the actual document isn't changed until it is saved using Save or SaveAs.

At this time this feature works with varying degrees of success depending on which browser you are using for previews. It has been tested with the registered or commercial versions Ibrowse, Voyager and AWeb II. Ibrowse and Aweb II auto reload but Voyager doesn't yet.

The Web Design configure screen lets the user preset the path used to access html documents and images.

It is also necessary to select the browser and the path to the browser that you intend to use for previewing html documents.

These selections will be auto saved once they are used.

## 1.67 Index

<HR.~Simple~~

<HR>~Attr.~~~

B

BG~Image~~~~~

Blocks

Bold~~~~~

Bullet~List~~~

Buttons  
C

Center~~~~~

Cite~~~~~

Code~~~~~  
Colors  
Concept  
D

Defined~List~~

Definition~~~~

Disclaimer  
E

Emphasize~~  
F

Forms

FTXT  
H

Heading~1~~

Heading~2~~

Heading~3~~

Heading~4~~

Heading~5~~

Heading~6~~

HTML

HTML\_Guide.guide  
I

Image~~~~~

Info

Italic~~~~~  
K



Keyboard~~~

Keyboard~commands  
L

Left~~~~~

Links

List~Entry~~~~

List~Term~~~~~  
Lists

M

Main~screen

menu

Misc  
N

New~Line~~~~~  
O

Ordered~List~~  
P

Paragraph~~~~

People~we~wish~to~thank

Preformat~~

Program~Info

Program~Information

Project  
R

Right~~~~~  
S

Sample~~~~~

Screen

Search

Shareware

Size

Strong~~~~  
T

Template~~~~

The~authors,~with~contact~info

The~Buttons

The~menus

Typewriter~  
U

Underline~~  
V

Variable~~~  
W

Workbench~~~~

Wrap~On/Off~~

## 1.68 HTML\_Guide.guide

Well, after doing this doc, I'm going to do a short fan supplement for Rifts® RPG. I'll do the HTML guide file I promised as soon as I'm done. For now, check out the following web sites that have quite a bit of info on HTML.

[www.ncsa.uiuc.edu/General/Internet/WWW/HTMLPrimer.html](http://www.ncsa.uiuc.edu/General/Internet/WWW/HTMLPrimer.html)  
NCSA - A Beginner's Guide to HTML

[www.cs.cmu.edu/~tilt/cgh/](http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~tilt/cgh/)  
Composing Good HTML

[home.netscape.com/assist/net\\_sites/html\\_extensions.html](http://home.netscape.com/assist/net_sites/html_extensions.html)  
Extensions to HTML

[home.netscape.com/assist/net\\_sites/html\\_extensions\\_3.html](http://home.netscape.com/assist/net_sites/html_extensions_3.html)  
Extensions to HTML 3.0

---

[home.netscape.com/assist/net\\_sites/frames.html](http://home.netscape.com/assist/net_sites/frames.html)  
Frames - An Introduction

[home.netscape.com/eng/mozilla/2.0/relnotes/demo/target.html](http://home.netscape.com/eng/mozilla/2.0/relnotes/demo/target.html)  
How to target a link to a window (more frames stuff)

---